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கால்நடை உற்பத்தி, சுகாதாரத் திணைக்களம்
DEPARTMENT OF ANIMAL PRODUCTION & HEALTH



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Veterinary Health Requirements for Importation of Goat Semen into Sri Lanka

The following requirements should be fulfilled

Status	Disease / Organism	Required test / Certification
Country free	Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy	Certification by the Government Veterinary Authority
Zone free	Foot and mouth disease (for all sero types) Sheep pox and Goat pox Contagious Caprine Pleuro Pneumonia Scrapie Peste des Petits Ruminants Contagious Agalactia (Mycoplasma .agalactiae) Maedi -Visna Ovine epididymitis Caseous Lymphadenitis	Certification by the Government Veterinary Authority
Herd free	Salmonellosis Chlamidiosis Blue tongue during the past 12 months prior to the semen collection and until the date of dispatch of semen	Certification by the Government Veterinary Authority
Tests	Bluetongue- PCR Brucellosis- Buffered brucella antigen test RBPT (B.abortus, B.suis, melitensis) followed by complement fixations test or ELISA Paratuberculosis - ELISA 1-2 months interval Tuberculosis - Intradermal tuberculin test with negative results on two (02) Occasions; with an interval of not less than 60 days between each test. Campylobacter fetus subsp. Venerealis - A preputial specimen should be tested Leptospirosis- Microscopic agglutination test (MAT) Caprine Arthritis/ encephalitis Trichomonas foetus- Culture of Preputial washing	Laboratory certification

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- 1) Should be healthy and no sign of any disease on the day of collection.
- 2) Should be born and reside immediately prior to the date of the semen collection in the exporting country,
- 3) The breeds of the donor animal should be in compliance with Sri Lanka National Breeding Policy or approved by breeding committee in Sri Lanka.
- 4) The parents should not be related.
- 5) The semen should have been collected from progeny tested and proven sire.
- 6) Artificial insemination Centers should be in accordance with the chapter 4.6 of International animal Health Code 2023.
- 7) The semen should be collected, handled, processed and stored strictly under the conditions stated in the international animal health code, OIE 2023 article 4.7.5, 4.7.6 and 4.7.7.
- 8) Parenteral line should be free from genetic defects and disorders.
- 9) The donor animals should have never been used for natural service.
- 10) The Artificial Insemination Centre has to be licensed by the Government Veterinary Authority of the exporting country and should be under the supervision of a Government veterinary Authority.
- 11) Detail description of health management protocol adopted at the Artificial Insemination Centre certified by the Government Veterinary Authority to be furnished together with the specimen Veterinary Health Certificate.
- 12) The certificate of the country of origin should be certified by the relevant authority

Health protocol may vary from time to time according to the disease status reported to WOAHP and the health status of the exporting country

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